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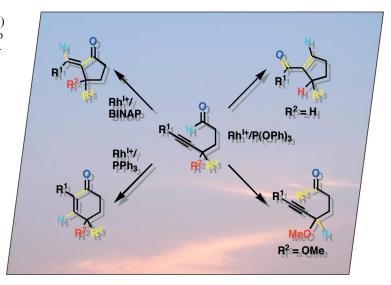
EUChemSoc



The EUChemSoc Societies have taken the significant step into the future by merging their traditional journals, to form two leading chemistry journals, the European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry and the European Journal of Organic Chemistry. Three further **EUChemSoc Societies (Austria,** Czech Republic and Sweden) are Associates of the two journals.

COVER PICTURE

The cover pocture shows the cationic rhodium(I) complex catalyzed isomerization of 5-alkynals to four different types of ketones. The catalytic isomerization of 5-alkynals to γ -alkynyl ketones and cyclopent-1-enyl ketones proceeds by using Rh^{I+}/ P(OPh)₃, whereas the catalytic *endoltrans* and *exol cis* hydroacylation of 5-alkynals to cyclohexenones and cyclopentanones proceeds by using Rh^{I+}/PPh₃ and Rh^{I+}/BINAP, respectively. The ligands of the Rh catalysts and the substituents at the 4-position of the 5-alkynals play an important role in determining which isomerization product results. Details are discussed in the article by K. Tanaka et al. on p. 5675ff.



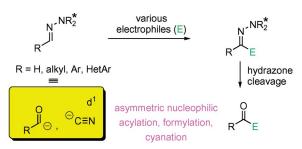
MICROREVIEW

Umpolung with Aza-Enamines

R. Brehme,* D. Enders,* R. Fernandez,* J. M. Lassaletta* 5629–5660

Aldehyde *N,N*-Dialkylhydrazones as Neutral Acyl Anion Equivalents: Umpolung of the Imine Reactivity

Keywords: Nucleophilic acylation / Umpolung / Hydrazones / Aza-enamines / Asymmetric synthesis



Aldehyde *N*,*N*-dialkylhydrazones react with various electrophiles at the imine carbon atom. Hydrolysis of the product hydrazones gives ketones and aldehydes or conversion into a nitrile; nucleophilic acyl-

ations, formylations, and cyanations are possible. High asymmetric inductions can be obtained and the first organocatalytic versions of this chemistry are presented.

SHORT COMMUNICATIONS

Diarylthiophene Synthesis

Y. Dang, Y. Chen* 5661-5664

Oxidation of 3,4-Diaryl-2,5-dihydrothiophenes to 3,4-Diarylthiophenes Using CuBr₂: Simple and Efficient Preparation of 3,4-Diarylthiophenes

Keywords: Sulfur heterocycles / Copper / Oxidation

Facile and efficient preparation of 3,4-diarylthiophenes by the oxidation of 3,4-diaryl-2,5-dihydrothiophenes using CuBr₂.

Carbonyl Allylation

T. Ollevier,* Z. Li 5665-5668

Bismuth Triflate Catalyzed Allylation of Aldehydes with Allylstannane under Microwave Assistance

Keywords: Allylation / Bismuth / Lewis acids / Microwaves / Allyltin

$$\overset{O}{\underset{R}{\longleftarrow}} H \qquad \overset{+}{\underset{1 \text{ equiv.}}{\longleftarrow}} SnBu_3$$

In the presence of a catalytic amount of Bi(OTf)₃·4H₂O and under microwave irradiation, mixtures of aldehyde and allylstannane afford smoothly the corresponding homoallylic alcohol. The reactions lead

to the products in good to very good yields using catalytic amounts of Bi(OTf)₃·4H₂O (0.5 mol-%) and under microwave irradiation for a short time.



anti-Aldol Reactions

The magnesium chloride catalyzed *anti-*aldol reaction of phenyl acetate derived oxazolidinone 7 proceeds readily with enol-

izable L-threose derivative **8** to provide anti-aldol adducts in high yields and with very high diastereoselectivities.

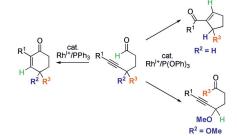
J. McNulty,* J. J. Nair, M. Sliwinski, L. E. Harrington, S. Pandey ... 5669-5673

Unusual Magnesium Chloride Catalyzed Non-Evans *anti*-Aldol Reactions of an Enolizable L-Threose Derivative

Keywords: Aldol reactions / Synthetic methods / Diastereoselectivity / Natural products

FULL PAPERS

We have developed catalytic isomerizations of 5-alkynals to λ -alkynyl ketones and cyclopent-1-enyl ketones using [Rh{P-(OPh)₃}₂]BF₄ as a catalyst. The first catalytic *endoltrans* hydroacylation of acyclic 5-alkynals leading to cyclohexenones was also developed with [Rh(PPh₃)₂]BF₄ as a catalyst.



Catalytic Isomerizations of 5-Alkynals

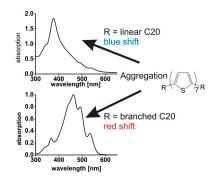
K. Tanaka,* K. Sasaki, K. Takeishi, M. Hirano 5675-5685

Cationic $P(OPh)_3$ - or PPh_3 -Rhodium(I) Complex-Catalyzed Isomerizations of 5-Alkynals to δ -Alkynyl Ketones, Cyclopent1-enyl Ketones, and Cyclohexenones

Keywords: Aldehydes / Ketones / Alkynes / Rhodium / Catalysis

Aggregation of Oligothiophenes

 α - and α , ω -substituted oligothiophenes show a strong aggregation behaviour in solution depending on the geometry of the alkyl substituents which is reflected by a distinct blue or red shift, respectively, in the absorption spectra. A strong influence of the substituent is also found in the morphology of the aggregates and of thermal properties in the solid state.



S. Ellinger, A. Kreyes, U. Ziener,*
C. Hoffmann-Richter, K. Landfester,
M. Möller 5686-5702

Aggregation Phenomena of Long α - and α , ω -Substituted Oligothiophenes – the Effect of Branched vs. Linear End-Groups

Keywords: Aggregation / Liquid crystals / Oligothiophenes / Self-assembly

Diastereomeric Helicates

Dissymmetric bis(chelating) oxygen-donor ligands derived from 2,8-disubstituted Tröger's base and monofunctionalized catechols were synthesized, and their geometry is defined by the V-shaped structure

of the core of Tröger's base. Self-assembly of the racemic ligands upon coordination to Ti^{IV} ions led to mixtures of six different diastereomeric helicates.

Synthesis of Bis(catechol) Ligands Derived from Tröger's Base and Their Dinuclear Triple-Stranded Complexes with Titanium-(IV) Ions

U. Kiehne, A. Lützen* 5703-5711

Keywords: Tröger's base / Self-assembly / Catechol / Titanium / Helicates

CONTENTS

Functionalized Heterocycles

K. M. Clapham, A. E. Smith, A. S. Batsanov, L. McIntyre, A. Pountney, M. R. Bryce,* B. Tarbit 5712–5716



New Pyrimidylboronic Acids and Functionalized Heteroarylpyrimidines by Suzuki Cross-Coupling Reactions

Keywords: Pyrimidine / Lithiation / Boronic acid / Cross-coupling

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Br} & \text{NBuLi,} \\ \text{NBuLi,} & \text{NBuLi,} \\ \text{B(OiPr}_3), & \text{Y} & \text{NH}_2 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Het-X} & \text{Het} \\ \text{Pd catalysis} & \text{Y} & \text{NH}_2 \end{array} \\ \text{Het} = \text{quinoline, pyridine,} \\ \text{Het} = \text{quinoline, pyridine,} \\ \text{pyrimidine, pyrazine,} \\ \text{thiophene, benzothiazole;} \\ \text{Y} = \text{CI, NH}_2 \end{array}$$

Heteroarylpyrimidines have been synthesized by the Suzuki methodology with 2-chloro-5-pyrimidylboronic acid and 2-

amino-5-pyrimidylboronic acid as key reagents.

C-H Bond Dissociation Energies

A. Stanger* 5717-5725



A Simple and Intuitive Description of C-H Bond Energies

Keywords: DFT calculations / NBO analysis / C-H bond dissociation energies / Hybridization



Less s in the hybridization - a weaker C-H bond



More s in the hybridization – a stronger C-H bond

C-H bond dissociation energy (BDE) can be described as a second order polynomial function of hybridization and reorganization which is specific to group of compounds. Thirty five different C-H BDEs are analyzed and show the above-described dependence. The obtained correlations are used to predict C-H BDEs from a simple HF/3-21G calculation within less than 2 kcal mol⁻¹ from the G3 results.

Atropselective Biaryl Synthesis

G. Stavrakov, M. Keller,

B. Breit* 5726-5733

From Central to Axial to Central Chirality: Enantioselective Construction of the *trans*-4,5,9,10-Tetrahydroxy-9,10-dihydrophenanthrene System

Keywords: Asymmetric synthesis / Biaryl coupling / Atropisomerism / Ullmann coupling

Atropselective synthesis of the core biaryl system of the antibiotics benanimicin, pradimicin and FD 594 is reported. Key to

success was an imine-directed atropdiastereoselective Ullmann coupling under mild reaction conditions.

Strained Bicyclic Azetidines

A Straightforward Synthesis of Enantiopure Bicyclic Azetidines

Keywords: Nitrogen heterocycles / Bicyclic compounds / Fused-ring systems / Strained molecules

Understudied enantiomerically pure 1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane derivatives were synthesized in a three-step sequence starting from *O*-substituted glycidols and L-proline.

1) MeOTf

These strained bicyclic nitrogen heterocycles could be efficiently transformed into azepanes by ring cleavage.



Fluorosulfonate Synthesis

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O \times XR_2 & \bigoplus \\ \hline & SUperacid \\ \hline & R_1 & \bigoplus \\ \hline &$$

Triflic or fluorosulfonic acids rapidly added to acetylenic acids and esters and to acetylenic ketones to yield the corresponding vinyl triflates or fluorosulfonates with high stereoselectivity. Depending on the reaction conditions either the E or the Z isomer can be obtained. This method offers a one step synthesis of vinyl triflates.

A. V. Vasilyev, S. Walspurger, S. Chassaing, P. Pale,* J. Sommer* 5740-5748

One-Step Addition of Sulfonic Acids to Acetylene Derivatives: An Alternative and Stereoselective Approach to Vinyl Triflates and Fluorosulfonates

Keywords: Superacidic systems / Alkynes / Vinyl triflates / Sulfones / Carbocations

Bilin Building Blocks

Six heteroaromatic compounds were synthesized and condensed with a methyl propionate-substituted pyrrole to yield the "right" moiety of open-chain tetrapyrroles. X-ray crystal structure analysis of the 10-oxapyrromethen-1-one 25 reveals a planar conformation. All pyrrole-substituted heteroaromatic derivatives 25–30 show absorbances in the UV/Vis spectra with high molar extinction coefficients.

C. Bongards, W. Gärtner* 5749-5758

Synthesis of Hetero Atom Modified Pyrromethenones

Keywords: Tetrapyrrole chromophore / Phytochrome / Bilin / Phycocyanobilin

Iodofurans

5-endo-dig cyclisations of 3-alkyne-1,2-diols using iodine as the electrophile proceed smoothly to deliver excellent yields of the corresponding β -iodofurans. The necessary precursors are available from regioselective bis-hydroxylation of conjugated enynes and the addition of acetylides to α -hydroxy carbonyls.

S. P. Bew, G. M. M. El-Taeb, S. Jones, D. W. Knight,* W.-F. Tan 5759-5770

Expedient Syntheses of β-Iodofurans by 5endo-dig Cyclisations

Keywords: Cyclisation / Iodocyclisation / Furans

Asymmetric Imino Cycloaddition

A series of *N*-aryl imines were treated with Danishefsky's diene in the presence of zinc(II)—binol under catalytic and stoichiometric conditions. CD was used to determine the absolute stereochemistry of

a new cycloadduct to compare with other examples, and semi-empirical calculations were used to explain the origin of asymmetric induction. Application of Zinc(II)—Binol for the Formal Aza-Diels—Alder Reaction of N-Arylimines with Danishefsky's Diene: CD-Based Absolute Stereochemistry Determination, Origin of Asymmetric Induction and Mechanistic Considerations

Keywords: Cycloaddition / Asymmetric catalysis / Configuration analysis / Nitrogen heterocycle / Lewis acid / Reaction mechanism

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